Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) compliance

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration

Special precautions concerning electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) must be taken for all medical electrical equipment.

- All medical electrical equipment must be installed and put into service in accordance with the EMC information provided in this document.
- Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect the behavior of medical electrical equipment.

The Propaq CS monitor and accessories comply with all applicable and required standards for electromagnetic interference.

- They do not normally affect nearby equipment and devices.
- They are not normally affected by nearby equipment and devices.
- It is safe to operate them in the presence of high-frequency surgical equipment; however, it is good practice to avoid using the Propaq CS monitor near other equipment.

Electromagnetic emissions

The Propaq CS monitor is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Propaq CS monitor should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Guidance			
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 2	The Propaq CS monitor must emit electromagnetic energy to perform its intended function. Nearby electronic equipment can be affected.			
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The Propaq CS monitor is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public			
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domesti purposes.			
Voltage fluctuations/flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Complies				

Electromagnetic immunity

The Propaq CS monitor is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Propaq CS monitor should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Guidance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.	
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	±2 kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for input/output lines	±2 kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Surge IED 61000-4-5	±1 kV line(s) to line(s) ±2 kV line(s) to line(s)	±1 kV line(s) to line(s) ±2 kV line(s) to line(s)	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Voltage dips, short interruptions, and voltage variations on power-supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	>95% dip in 0.5 cycle 60% dip in 5 cycles 30% dip in 25 cycles >95% dip in 5 seconds	>95% dip in 0.5 cycle 60% dip in 5 cycles 30% dip in 25 cycles >95% dip in 5 seconds	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the Propaq CS monitor requires continued operation during a power mains interruption, it is recommended that the Propaq CS monitor be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or battery.	
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.	

Electromagnetic immunity

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Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Guidance
			Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the Propaq CS monitor, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.
			Recommended separation distance
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 V _{rms} 150 kHz to 80 MHz	3 V _{rms}	$d = 1.8 \sqrt{\mathrm{P}}$
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz	3 V/m	$d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 650 MHz
			$d = 1.8 \sqrt{P}$ 650 MHz to 800 MHz
			$d = 2.3 \sqrt{\mathbf{P}}$ 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz
			where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters. Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey ^a , should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range ^b . Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:
Note 1 At 80	MHz and 800 MHz, the	a higher frequen	(((•)))
Note 2 These		ply in all situatio	ons. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and
amateur radio, A electromagnetic field strength in CS monitor shou	M and FM radio broadca environment due to fixed the location in which the	st and TV broadcas RF transmitters, a Propaq CS monitor ormal operation. It	is for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, st cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the in electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured 'is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the Propa f abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be monitor.

b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the Propaq CS monitor

The Propaq CS monitor is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the Propaq CS monitor can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the Propaq CS monitor as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

	Separation distance (meters) according to frequency of transmitter						
Rated maximum output power (watts) of transmitter	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = 1.8 \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 650 MHz $d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$	650 kHz to 800 MHz $d = 1.8 \sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz $d = 2.3 \sqrt{P}$			
0.01	0.18	0.12	0.18	0.23			
0.1	0.55	0.37	0.55	0.74			
1	1.8	1.2	1.8	2.3			
10	5.5	3.7	5.5	7.4			
100	18	12	18	23			

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (w) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

Note 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.